

# Topics on CNN: Transfer Learning and Visualization

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# Transfer Learning: Fine Tuning

Deep Neural Network

 Feature representation
 Classification

# • Filters learned in first layers of a network are transferable from one task to another

- When solving another problem, no need to retrain the lower layers, just fine tune upper ones
- Is this simply due to the large amount of images in ImageNet?

Transfer Learning?

- Does solving many classification problems simultaneously result in features that are more easily transferable?
- Does this imply filters can be learned in unsupervised manner?
- Can we characterize filters mathematically?

#### Transfer Learning with CNNs

1. Train on Imagenet

FC-1000
FC-4096
FC-4096
MaxPool
Conv-512
Conv-512
MaxPool
Conv-512
Conv-512
MaxPool
Conv-256
Conv-256
MaxPool
Conv-128
Conv-128
MaxPool
Conv-64
Conv-64

Image



Donahue et al, "DeCAF: A Deep Convolutional Activation Feature for Generic Visual Recognition", ICML 2014

Razavian et al, "CNN Features Off-the-Shelf: An Astounding Baseline for Recognition", CVPR Workshops

2014

FC-1000 FC-4096 FC-4096 MaxPool		very similar dataset	very different dataset
Conv-512         MaxPool         Conv-512         Conv-512         MaxPool         Conv-256         Conv-256         MaxPool	very little data	Use Linear Classifier on top layer	You're in trouble Try linear classifier from different stages
Conv-128 MaxPool Conv-64 Image	quite a lot of data	Finetune a few layers	Finetune a larger number of layers

# Example Demo

Jupyter notebook with pytorch

# Visualizing Convolutional Networks

# Understanding intermediate neurons?



# Visualizing CNN Features: Gradient Ascent

Gradient ascent: Generate a synthetic image that maximally activates a neuron



# Visualizing CNN Features: Gradient Ascent

$$\arg\max_{I} S_c(I) - \lambda \|I\|_2^2$$

#### score for class c (before Softmax)



#### Repeat:

1.

- 2. Forward image to compute current scores
- 3. Backprop to get gradient of neuron value with respect to image pixels
- 4. Make a small update to the image

Initialize image to zeros

# Visualizing CNN Features: Gradient Ascent

 $\arg\max_{I} S_c(I) - \lambda \|I\|_2^2$ 

Better regularizer: Penalize L2 norm of image; also during optimization periodically

- (1) Gaussian blur image
- (2) Clip pixels with small values to 0
- (3) Clip pixels with small gradients to 0



Hartebeest



Station Wagon



**Billiard Table** 



Black Swan

Yosinski et al, "Understanding Neural Networks Through Deep Visualization", ICML DL Workshop 2014. Figure copyright Jason Yosinski, Jeff Clune, Anh Nguyen, Thomas Fuchs, and Hod Lipson, 2014. Reproduced with permission.

# Visualizing CNN Features: Gradient Ascent

Use the same approach to visualize intermediate features



Yosinski et al, "Understanding Neural Networks Through Deep Visualization", ICML DL Workshop 2014. Figure copyright Jason Yosinski, Jeff Clune, Anh Nguyen, Thomas Fuchs, and Hod Lipson, 2014. Reproduced with permission. It's easy to visualize early layers

#### First Layer: Visualize Filters



AlexNet: 64 x 3 x 11 x 11



ResNet-18: 64 x 3 x 7 x 7 ResNet-101: 64 x 3 x 7 x 7

DenseNet-121: 64 x 3 x 7 x 7



Krizhevsky, "One weird trick for parallelizing convolutional neural networks", arXiv 2014 He et al, "Deep Residual Learning for Image Recognition", CVPR 2016 Huang et al, "Densely Connected Convolutional Networks", CVPR 2017

### Last layers are hard to visualize

#### Last Layer: Dimensionality Reduction

Visualize the "space" of FC7 feature vectors by reducing dimensionality of vectors from 4096 to 2 dimensions

Simple algorithm: Principle Component Analysis (PCA)

More complex: t-SNE





### Saliency Maps

#### How to tell which pixels matter for classification?



Compute gradient of (unnormalized) class score with respect to image pixels, take absolute value and max over RGB channels

Simonyan, Vedaldi, and Zisserman, "Deep Inside Convolutional Networks: Visualising Image Classification Models and Saliency Maps", ICLR Workshop 2014. Figures copyright Karen Simonyan, Andrea Vedaldi, and Andrew Zisserman, 2014; reproduced with permission.



# Guided BP

### Intermediate features via (guided) backprop





Pick a single intermediate neuron, e.g. one value in 128 x 13 x 13 conv5 feature map

Compute gradient of neuron value with respect to image pixels

Zeiler and Fergus, "Visualizing and Understanding Convolutional Networks", ECCV 2014 Springenberg et al, "Striving for Simplicity: The All Convolutional Net", ICLR Workshop 2015

- ReLU									
1	-1	5		1	0	5			
2	-5	-7	$\rightarrow$	2	0	0			
-3	2	4		0	2	4			
-2	0	-1		-2	3	-1			
6	0	0	->	6	-3	1			
0	-1	3		2	-1	3			
0	3	0		-2	3	-1			
6	0	1	←	6	-3	1			
2	0	3		2	-1	3			
0	0	0		-2	3	-1			
6	0	0	←	6	-3	1			
0	0	3		2	-1	3			

Forward pass

Backward pass: backpropagation

Backward pass: "deconvnet"

Backward pass:

backpropagation

auided

Images come out nicer if you only backprop positive gradients through each ReLU (guided backprop)

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#### Intermediate features via Guided BP



Zeiler and Fergus, "Visualizing and Understanding Convolutional Networks", ECCV 2014 Springenberg et al, "Striving for Simplicity: The All Convolutional Net", ICLR Workshop 2015 Figure copyright Jost Tobias Springenberg, Alexey Dosovitskiy, Thomas Brox, Martin Riedmiller, 2015; reproduced with permission.

# DeepDream: amplifying features

Rather than synthesizing an image to maximize a specific neuron, instead try to **amplify** the neuron activations at some layer in the network





Choose an image and a layer in a CNN; repeat:

- 1. Forward: compute activations at chosen layer
- 2. Set gradient of chosen layer equal to its activation
- 3. Backward: Compute gradient on image
- 4. Update image

Equivalent to:  $I^* = arg max_I \sum_i f_i(I)^2$ 

# Example: DeepDream of Sky









"Admiral Dog!"

"The Pig-Snail"

"The Camel-Bird"

"The Dog-Fish"



# More Examples



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## Python Notebooks

- An interesting Pytorch Implementation of these visualization methods
  - <u>https://github.com/utkuozbulak/pytorch-cnn-visualizations</u>
- Some examples demo

# Thank you!

![](_page_21_Picture_1.jpeg)